

MAS sidebands

tested 190817 using *SpinDynamica* 3.0.1 under *Mathematica* 11.0

code

□ init

```
Needs["SpinDynamica`"];
```

```
SpinDynamica version 3.0.1 loaded
```

ModifyBuiltIn: The following built-in routines have been modified in SpinDynamica:

{Chop, Dot, Duration, Exp, Expand, ExpandAll, NumericQ, Plus, Power, Simplify, Times, WignerD}.

Evaluate ??symbol to generate the additional definitions for symbol.

```
SetSpinSystem[1]
```

SetSpinSystem: the spin system has been set to $\{\{1, \frac{1}{2}\}\}$

SetBasis: the state basis has been set to ZeemanBasis[$\{\{1, \frac{1}{2}\}\}$, BasisLabels \rightarrow Automatic].

□ CSA Hamiltonian in a rotating solid

```
wCSA[t_, {waniso_, η_}, ΩPR_, {ωr_, βRL_}] :=
wCSA[t, {waniso, η}, ΩPR, {ωr, {θ, βRL}}]

wCSA[t_, {waniso_, η_}, ΩPR_, {ωr_, {αRLθ_, βRL_}}] :=
Chop@ExpToTrig[waniso x
  {-η/Sqrt[6], 0, 1, 0, -η/Sqrt[6]}.WignerD[2, {{θ}}][{ΩPR, {αRLθ - ωr t, βRL, θ}}]
]

wCSA[t, {2 π, θ}, {θ, π/2, θ}, {2 π, ArcTan@Sqrt[2]}]
```

WignerD: The built-in function WignerD has been given extra functionality in SpinDynamica. Execute ?WignerD for more information.

```
For ?WignerD click <here>
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{4} \pi \cos[4\pi t] - \frac{3}{4} \pi \cos[4\pi t] \cos\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{2}\right]}{2}\right]^4 + \\ & \frac{9}{2} \pi \cos[4\pi t] \cos\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{2}\right]}{2}\right]^2 \sin\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{2}\right]}{2}\right]^2 - \frac{3}{4} \pi \cos[4\pi t] \sin\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{2}\right]}{2}\right]^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \omega_{CSA}[t, \{2\pi, 0.5\}, \{\theta, \pi/2, 0\}, \{2\pi, \text{ArcTan}@Sqrt[2]\}] \\
& 2\pi \left(\frac{3}{8} \cos[4\pi t] - \frac{3}{8} \cos[4\pi t] \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 + \right. \\
& \frac{9}{4} \cos[4\pi t] \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 - \frac{3}{8} \cos[4\pi t] \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 - \\
& 0.204124 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 - \right. \\
& i\sqrt{2} \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}] \sin[2\pi t] \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}] + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \\
& \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 \Big) - \\
& 0.204124 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 + \right. \\
& i\sqrt{2} \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}] \sin[2\pi t] \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}] + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \\
& \cos[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^2 - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cos[4\pi t] \sin[\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2}]}{2}]^4 \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

```
HCSA[CSA_, QPR_, {wr_, αβRL_}] :=
  PeriodicFunction[t, 2π/ωr, Evaluate[ωCSA[t, CSA, QPR, {wr, αβRL}] × opI["z"]]];
```

single-orientation MAS spectra

parameters

```

waniso = 2π 40 × 10^3; η = 0.5;
QPR = {θ, π/2, 0};
βRL = ArcTan@Sqrt[2];
wr = 10 × 2π × 10^3;

T = 5 × 10^-3; npoints = 1024;

```

default COMPUTE calculation (using periodicity)

```

sig = Signal1D[{{ $2\pi 200 \times 10^3$ , "1k"}},  

  BackgroundGenerator →  

  HCSA[{waniso,  $\eta$ },  $\Omega_{PR}$ , {wr,  $\beta_{RL}$ }],  

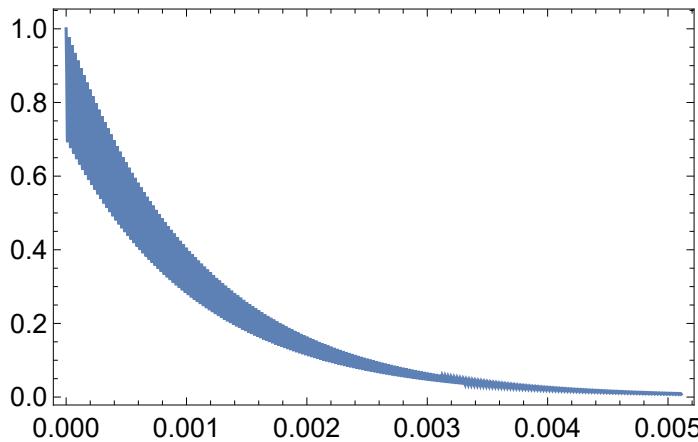
  SignalCalculationMethod → "COMPUTE"  

]

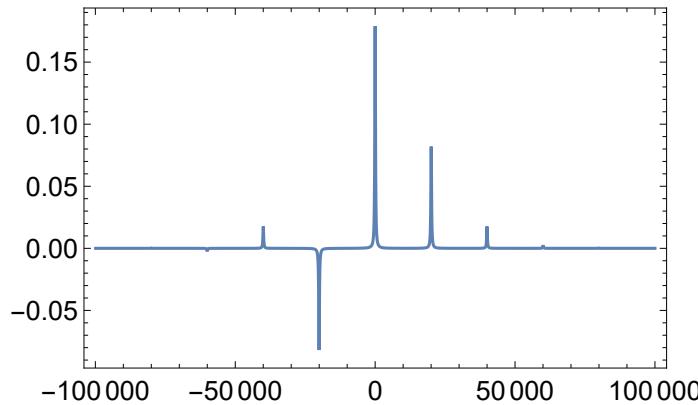
```

Signal1D: Using SignalCalculationMethod → COMPUTE
Signal1D: Using LineBroadening → $2\pi \times 286.863 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$.
 $\text{Signal}[\{0, 5.11 \times 10^{-3}, 5. \times 10^{-6}\}, \{\text{Lorentzian}, \ll 20 \gg\}]$

```
ListPlot[Re@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True]
```



```
ListPlot[Re@FT@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True, PlotRange → All, Axes → None]
```



force direct calculation method

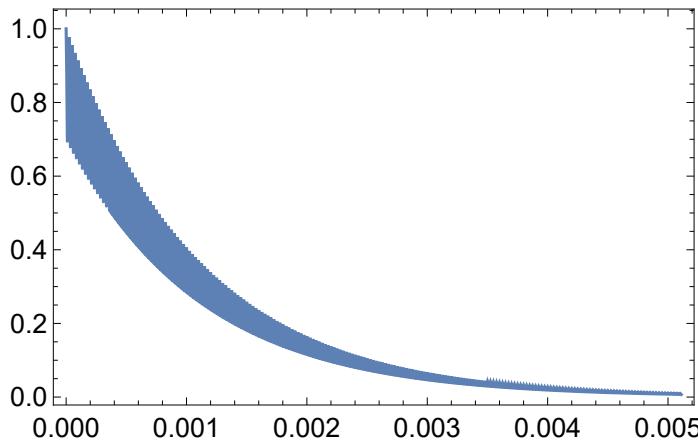
```

sig = Signal1D[{{2 π 200 × 103, "1k"}}, 
  BackgroundGenerator → 
  HCSA[{waniso, η}, ΩPR, {wr, βRL}], 
  SignalCalculationMethod → "Direct"
]

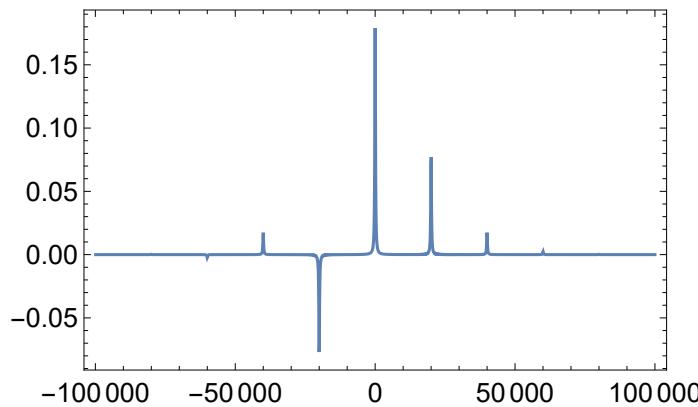
Signal1D: Using SignalCalculationMethod → Direct
Signal1D: Using LineBroadening → 2π × 286.863 rad s-1.
Signal[ {0, 5.11 × 10-3, 5. × 10-6} , <> 1023 >>]

```

```
ListPlot[Re@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True]
```



```
ListPlot[Re@FT@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True, PlotRange → All, Axes → None]
```



COMPUTE calculation with implicit γ-average

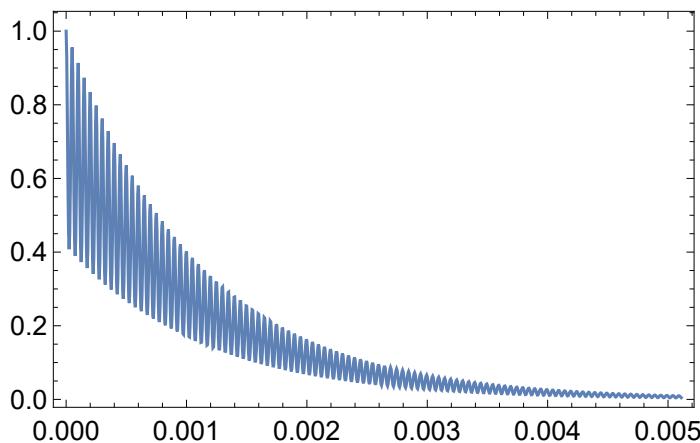
```

sig = Signal1D[{{2 π 200 × 103, "1k"}}, 
  BackgroundGenerator → 
  HCSA[{waniso, η}, ΩPR, {wr, βRL}], 
  CarouselAverage → True
];

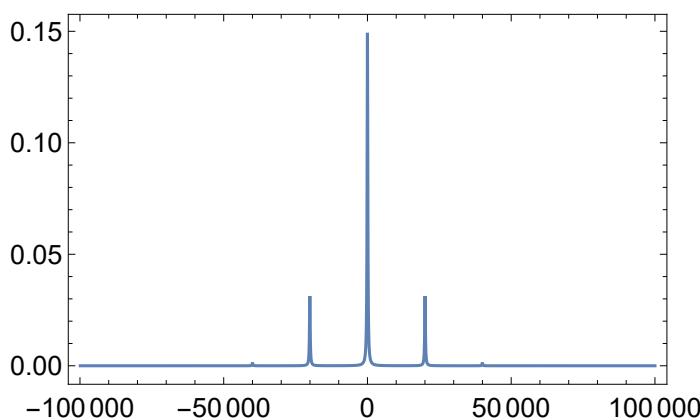
Signal1D: Using SignalCalculationMethod → COMPUTE
Signal1D: Using LineBroadening → 2π × 286.863 rad s-1.

```

```
ListPlot[Re@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True]
```



```
ListPlot[Re@FT@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True, PlotRange → All, Axes → None]
```



powder-average MAS spectra

parameters

```
Clear[ΩPR];
waniso = 2 π 40 × 10^3; η = 0.5;
βRL = ArcTan@Sqrt[2];
wr = 10 × 2 π × 10^3;
T = 5 × 10^-3; npoints = 1024;
```

simulations

10 Lebedev angles: COMPUTE

```
sig = Signal1D[{{2 π 200 × 103, "1k"}},
BackgroundGenerator →
HCSA[{waniso, η}, ΩPR, {wr, βRL}],
CarouselAverage → True,
EnsembleAverage → {ΩPR, OrientationsAndWeights["Leboct10"]}
]
```

Predefined orientational sampling schemes:

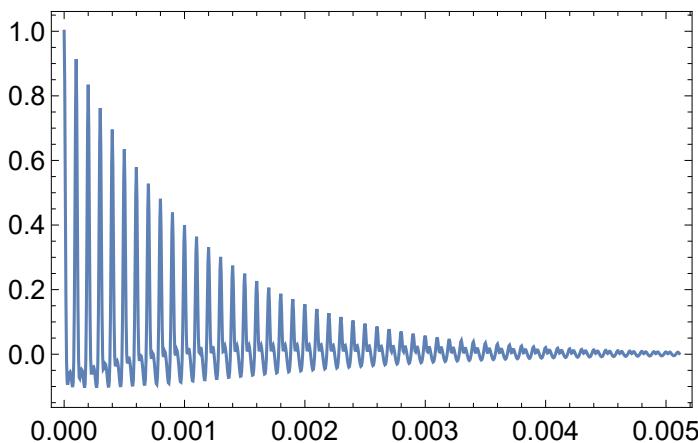
```
{Leboct10, Leboct16, Leboct19, Leboct22, Leboct31, Leboct37, Leboct46,
Leboct85, POLYTOPE12, POLYTOPE60, Randomαβ, Randomαβγ, Randomβ, REPULSION100,
REPULSION150, REPULSION168, REPULSION232, REPULSION376, REPULSION700,
Stepαβ, Stepβ, ZCW1154, ZCW144, ZCW200, ZCW300, ZCW50, ZCW538, ZCW6044}
```

Execute `OrientationalSamplingScheme[scheme]` for the usage message of a sampling scheme.

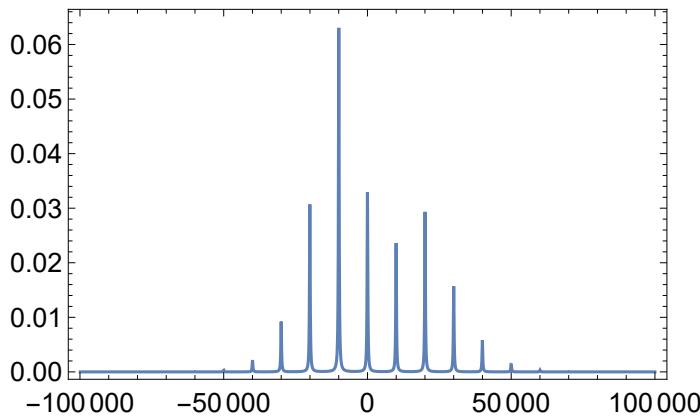
- **Signal1D:** Using SignalCalculationMethod → COMPUTE
- **Signal1D:** Using LineBroadening → $2\pi \times 286.863 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$.
- **Get:** Cannot open CloudObjectLoader`.
- **SetOperatorBasis:** the operator basis has been set to ShiftAndZOperatorBasis[{{1, $\frac{1}{2}$ }}, Sorted → CoherenceOrder].

```
Signal[ {0, 5.11 × 10-3, 5. × 10-6}, {Lorentzian, << 167 >>} ]
```

```
ListPlot[Re@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True]
```



```
ListPlot[Re@FT@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True, PlotRange → All, Axes → None]
```



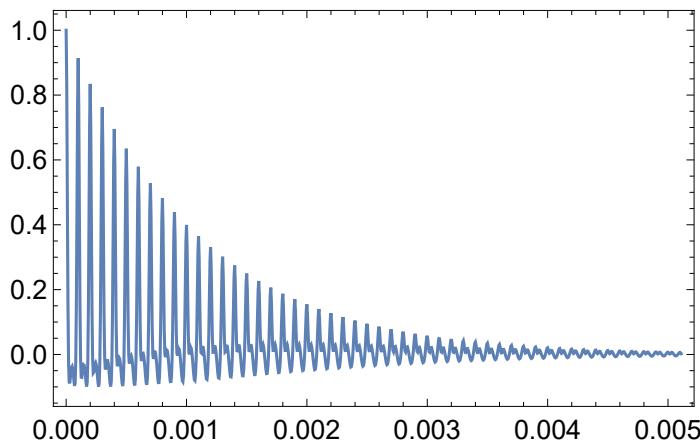
85 Lebedev angles

```
sig = Signal1D[{ $2\pi 200 \times 10^3$ , "1k"},  
  BackgroundGenerator →  
  HCSA[{waniso,  $\eta$ },  $\Omega$ PR, {wr,  $\beta$ RL}],  
  CarouselAverage → True,  
  EnsembleAverage → { $\Omega$ PR, OrientationsAndWeights["Leboct85"]}]  
];
```

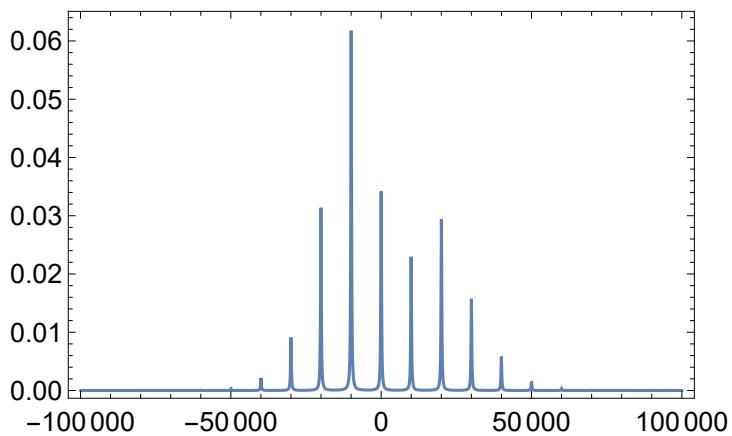
Signal1D: Using SignalCalculationMethod → COMPUTE

Signal1D: Using LineBroadening → $2\pi \times 286.863 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$.

```
ListPlot[Re@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True]
```



```
ListPlot[Re@FT@sig, Frame → True, Joined → True, PlotRange → All, Axes → None]
```



Note that the simulation with only 10 Lebedev angles is almost the same as the one with Lebedev 85 angles.